Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

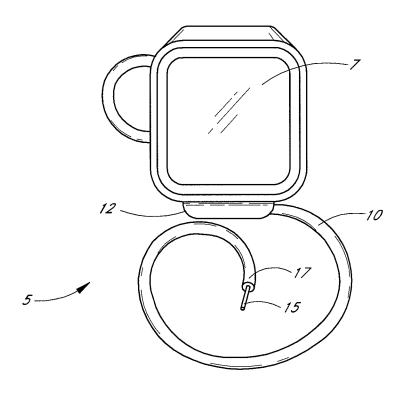


FIG. 1

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

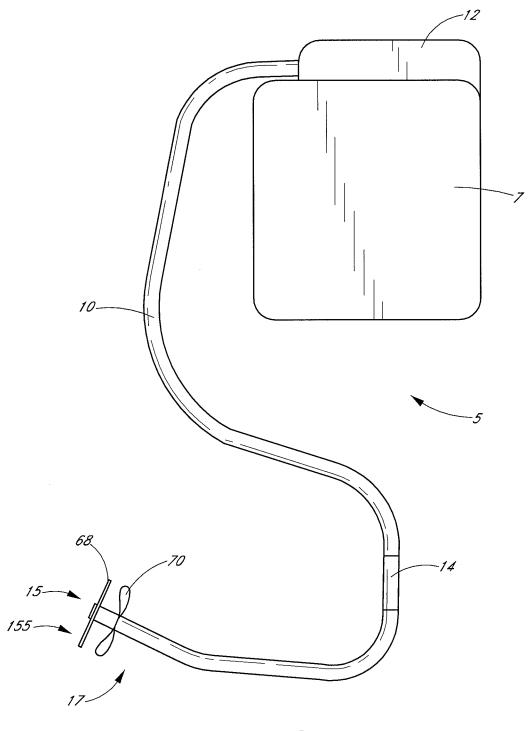
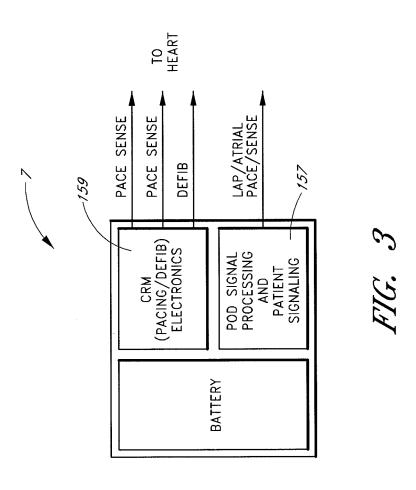


FIG. 2

Replacement Sheet

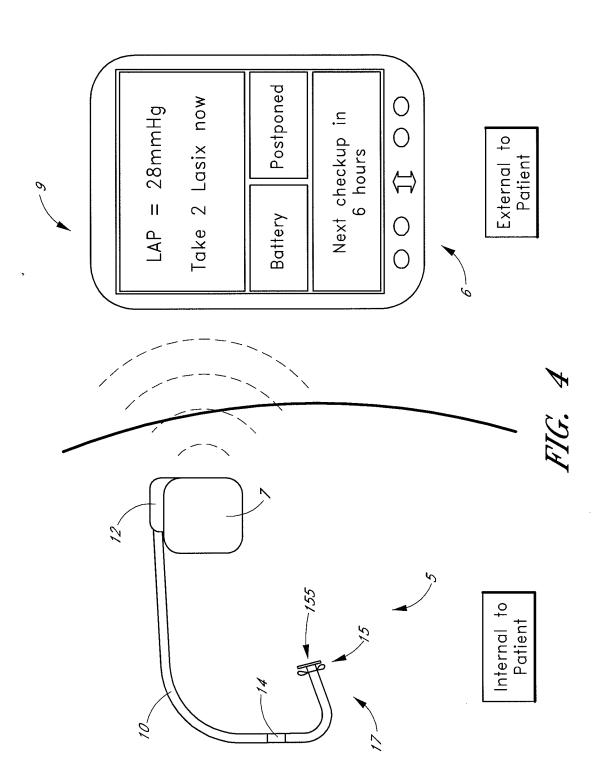
Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



Mann et al.

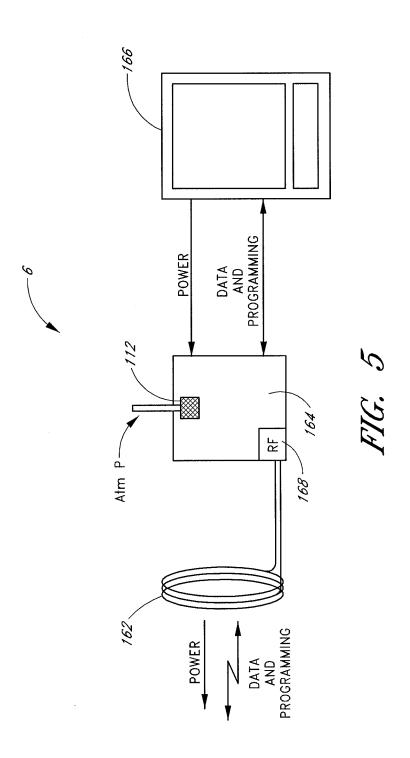
Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

### 6/34

Right Atrial Pressure Waveforms

FIG. 6A

Low mean atrial pressure

- 1. Hypovolemia
- 2. Improper zeroing of the transducer

Elevated mean atrial pressure

- 1. Intravascular volume overload states
- Right ventricular failure due to valvular disease (tricuspid or pulmonic stenosis or regurgitation)
- Right ventricular failure due to myocardial disease (right ventricular ischemia, cardiomyopathy)
- Right ventricular failure due to left heart failure (mitral stenosis/regurgitation, aortic stenosis/regurgitation, cardiomyopathy, ischemia)
- Right ventricular failure due to increased pulmonary vascular resistance (pulmonary embolism, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, primary pulmonary hypertension)
- 6. Pericardial effusion with tamponade physiology
- 7. Obstructive atrial myxoma

Elevated a wave (any increase to ventricular filling)

- 1. Tricuspid stenosis
- 2. Decreased ventricular compliance due to ventricular failure, pulmonic valve stenosis, or pulmonary hypertension

Cannon a wave

 Atrial-ventricular asynchrony (atria contract against a closed tricuspid valve, as during complete heart block following premature ventricular contraction, during ventricular tachycardia, with ventricular pacemaker)

Absent a wave

- 1. Atrial fibrillation or atrial standstill
- 2. Atrial flutter

Elevated v wave

- 1. Tricuspid regurgitation
- 2. Right ventricular heart failure
- 3. Reduced atrial compliance (restrictive myopathv)

a wave equal to v wave

- 1. Tamponade
- 2. Constrictive pericardial disease
- 3. Hypervolemia

Prominent x descent

- 1. Tamponade
- 2. Subacute constriction and possibly chronic constriction
- 3. Right ventricular ischemia with preservation of atrial contractility

Prominent v descent

- 1. Constrictive pericarditis
- 2. Restrictive myopathies
- 3. Tricuspid regurgitation

Blunted x descent

- 1. Atrial fibrillation
- 2. Right atrial ischemia

Blunted y descent

- 1. Tamponade
- 2. Right ventricular ischemia
- 3. Tricuspid stenosis

Miscellaneous abnormalities

- 1. Kussmaul's sign (inspiratory rise or lack of decline in right atrial pressure)-constrictive pericarditis, right ventricular ischemia
- Equalization (<5 mm Hg) of mean right atrial, right ventricular diastolic, pulmonary artery diastolic, pulmonary capillary wedge, and pericardial pressures in tamponade

3. M or W patterns: right ventricular ischemia, pericardial constriction, congestive heart failure

4. Ventricularization of the right atrial pressure: severe tricuspid regurgitation

5. Saw tooth pattern: atrial flutter

6. Dissociation between pressure recording and intracardiac ECG: Ebstein's anomaly

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

### 7/34

#### Left Atrial Pressure/Pulmonary Capillary Wedge Pressure Waveforms

Low mean atrial pressure

- Hypovolemia
   Improper zeroing of the transducer

Elevated mean atrial pressure

- 1. Intravascular volume overload states
- 2. Left ventricular failure due to valvular disease (mitral or aortic stenosis or regurgitation)
- 3. Left ventricular failure due to myocardial disease (ischemia or cardiomyopathy)
- 4. Left ventricular failure due to systemic hypertension
- 5. Pericardial effusion with tamponade physiology
- 6. Obstructive atrial myxoma

Elevated a wave (any increase to ventricular filling)

- 1. Mitral stenosis
- 2. Decreased ventricular compliance due to ventricular failure, aortic valve stenosis, or systemic hypertension

Cannon a wave

1. Atrial-ventricular asynchrony (atria contract against a closed mitral valve, as during complete heart block following premature ventricular contraction, during ventricular tachycardia, with ventricular pacemaker)

Absent a wave

- 1. Atrial fibrillation or atrial standstill
- 2. Atrial flutter

Elevated v wave

- 1. Mitral regurgitation
- 2. Left ventricular heart failure
- 3. Ventricular septal defect

a wave equal to v wave

- 1. Tamponade
- 2. Constrictive pericardial disease
- 3. Hypervolemia

Prominent x descent

- 1. Tamponade
- 2. Subacute constriction and possibly chronic constriction
- 3. Right ventricular ischemia with preservation of atrial contractility Prominent y descent
  - 1. Constrictive pericarditis
  - 2. Restrictive myopathies
  - 3. Mitral regurgitation

Blunted x descent

- 1. Atrial fibrillation
- 2. Atrial ischemia

Blunted y descent

- 1. Tamponade
- 2. Ventricular ischemia
- 3. Mitral stenosis

Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure not equal to left ventricular end-diastolic pressure

- 1. Mitral stenosis
- 2. Left atrial myxoma
- 3. Cor triatriatum
- 4. Pulmonary venous obstruction
- 5. Decreased ventricular compliance
- 6. Increased pleural pressure
- 7. Placement of catheter in a nondependent zone of lung

FIG. 6R

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

8/34

### Pulmonary Artery Pressure Waveforms

#### Elevated systolic pressure

- 1. Primary pulmonary hypertension
- 2. Mitral stenosis or regurgitation
- 3. Congestive heart failure
- 4. Restrictive myopathies
- 5. Significant left to right shunt
- 6. Pulmonary disease (pulmonary embolism, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease)

### Reduced systolic pressure

- 1. Hypovolemia
- 2. Pulmonary artery stenosis
- 3. Sub- or supravalvular stenosis
- 4. Ebstein's anomaly
- 5. Tricuspid stenosis
- 6. Tricuspid atresia

#### Reduced pulse pressure

- 1. Right heart ischemia
- 2. Right ventricular infarction
- 3. Pulmonary embolism
- 4. Tamponade

### Bifid pulmonary artery waveform

- 1. Large left atrial v wave transmitted backward (i.e., MR) Pulmonary artery diastolic pressure greater than pulmonary capillary wedge pressure
  - Pulmonary disease
     Pulmonary embolus

  - 3. Tachycardia

FIG. 6C

Mann et al.

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

9/34

FIG. 7

PARAMETERS MEASURED		Mean		Respiratory Component	atory	Cardiac Component	iac ment		Intracardiac ECG		ರಿ <b>೯</b>
DIAGNOSIS	RA	LA	FA-LA	RA	ΓΥ	КA	ΓΥ	НК	Куугат	tnemgəs TZ	l emp
Cardiac hemodynamics											
CHF -compensated	<b>\$</b>	<b>û</b>	<b>1</b>								
CHF-mild	5	<b>←</b>	<b>-</b>				\ √[v]				
rate	₹	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow$					₹			<b>←</b>
	<del>(</del> 5←	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	↓↓↓	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b> 3		√¶V	₽			<b>←</b>
CHF- overtreated	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$								
CHF - mitral regurgitations							$\uparrow\uparrow$				
CHF-rapid onset	↑↑↑ Vt	↑↑↑ ∇t	↑↑↑ Vt								
CHF- acute mitral regurgitations	↑↑↑ ∇t	↑↑↑ ∇t	$\downarrow\!\downarrow\!\downarrow$				↑↑↑∇t				
Cardiac tamponade	<del>-</del>	<del>(</del>	92			Bluntedy- descent		∩ ∫		∪ alternans	
Myocardial ischemia	₹	<del>⟨</del> ∧	<b>∖</b>						SR	₩	
Cardiac rhythm											
Normal Sinus Rhythm								50-100	SR		
Sinus Tachycardia								>100	SR		
Sinus Bradycardia								<50	SR		
Supraventricular Tachycardia								>120	Reg QRS <110 msec		
Atrial Fibrillation - controlled								60-100	Irreg, no p- wave		
Atrial Fibrillation - rapid								>100	Irreg, no p- wave		
Ventricular Tachycardia						Cannon a- waves	Cannon a- waves	>120	Reg QRS >110 msec: AV dissociation		
Complete Heart Block						Cannon a- waves	Cannon a- waves	<50	AV dissociation		
Non cardiac Respiratory Distress	Ę	(1	₹(	$\downarrow \downarrow$	<del>\</del>			<b>←</b>			
hyperthermia											<del></del>
hypothermia		L									]

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

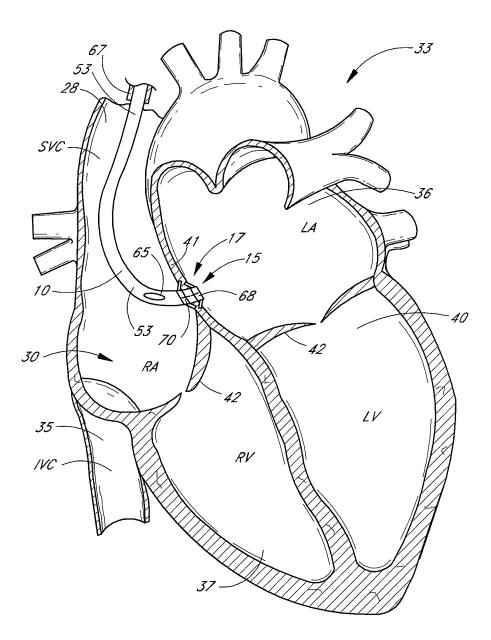


FIG. 8

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

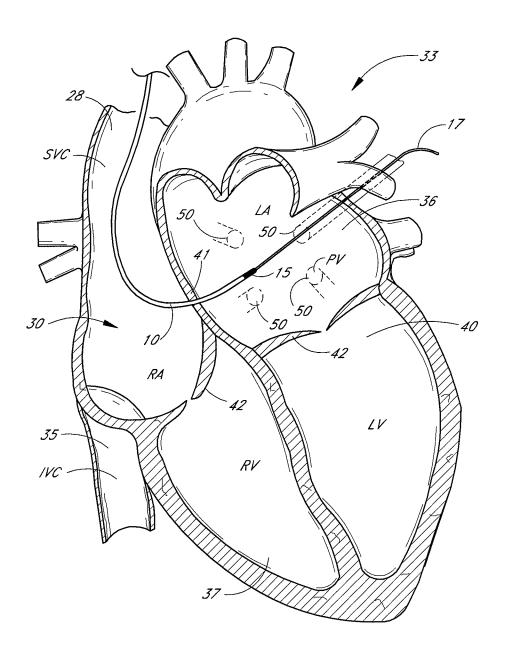


FIG. 9

Mann et al.

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

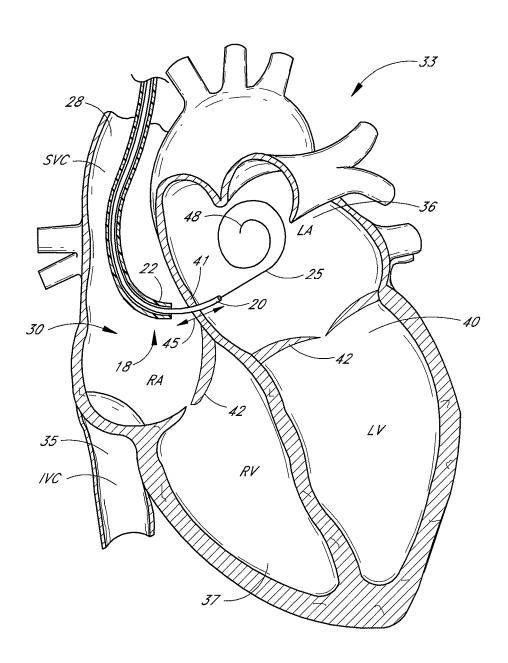


FIG. 10

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

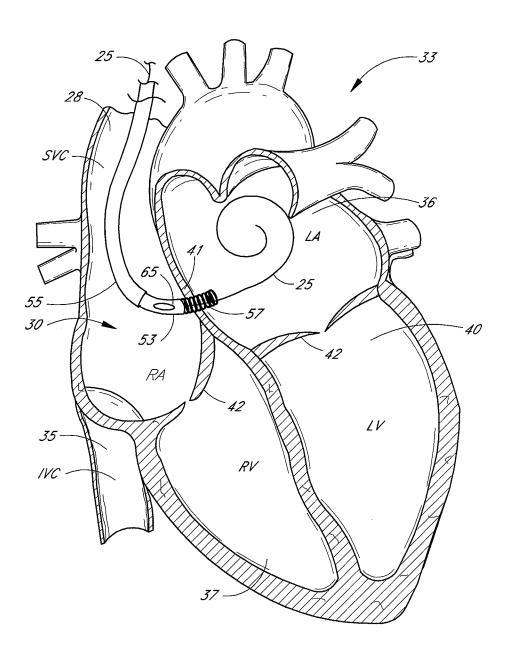


FIG. 11

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

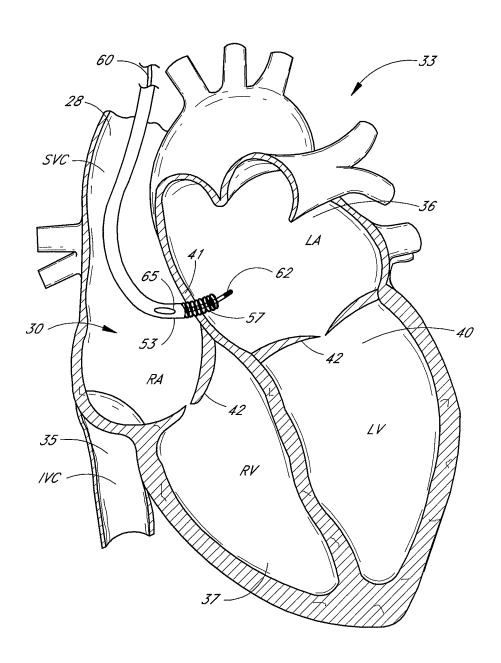


FIG. 12

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

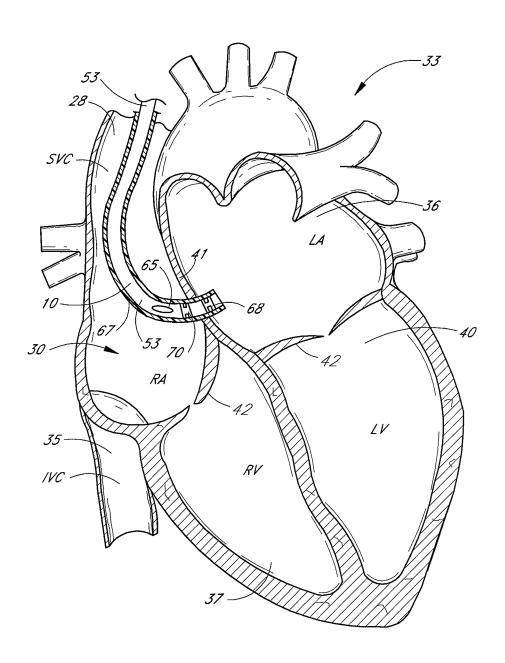


FIG. 13

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

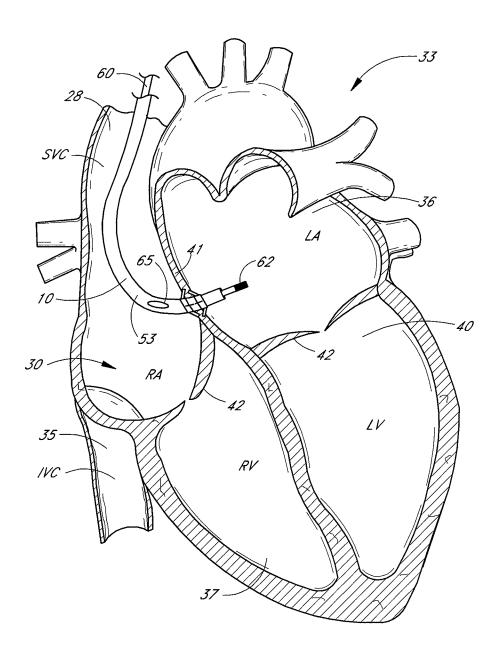


FIG. 14

Replacement Sheet

Mann et al. Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

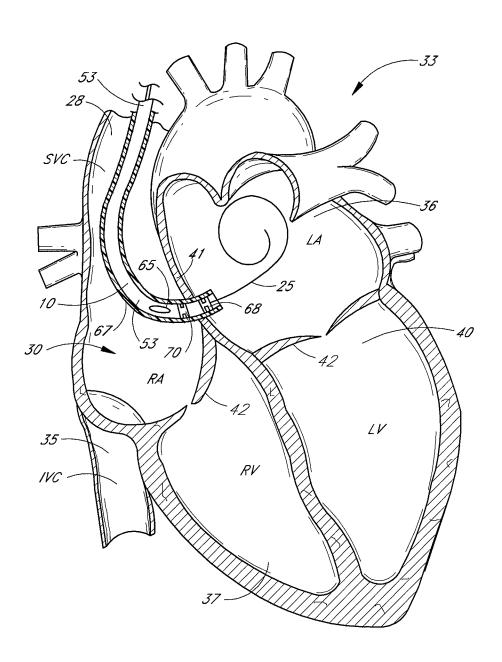


FIG. 15

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

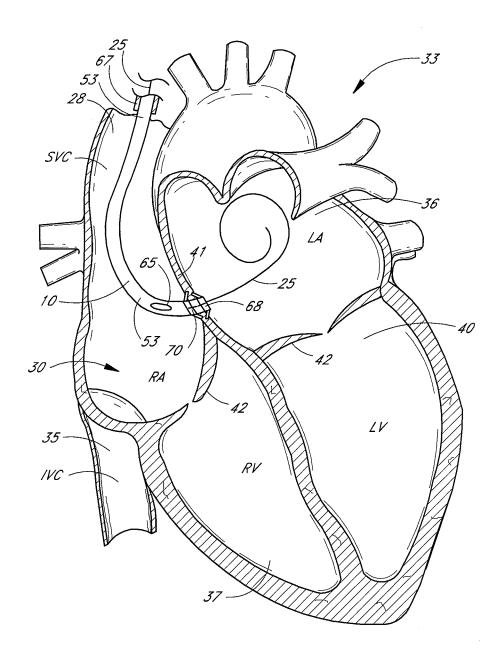
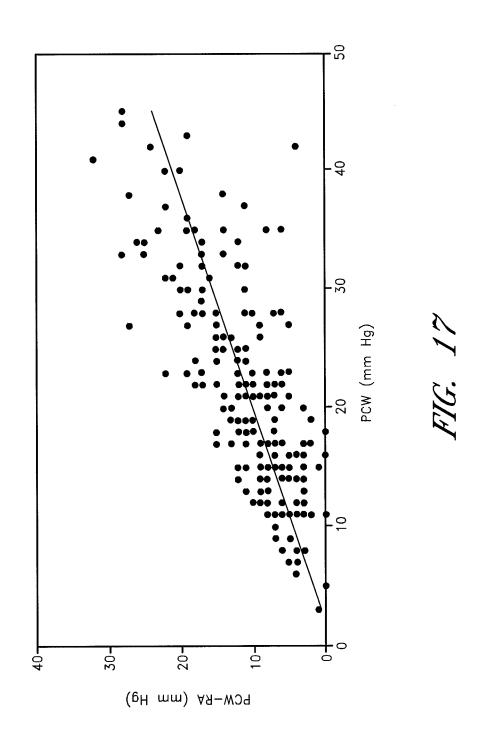


FIG. 16

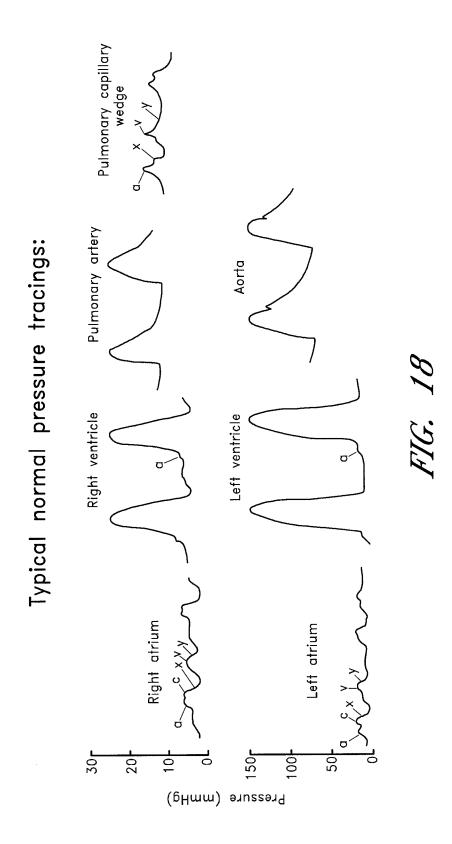
Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



Replacement Sheet

Mann et al. Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



Mann et al.

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

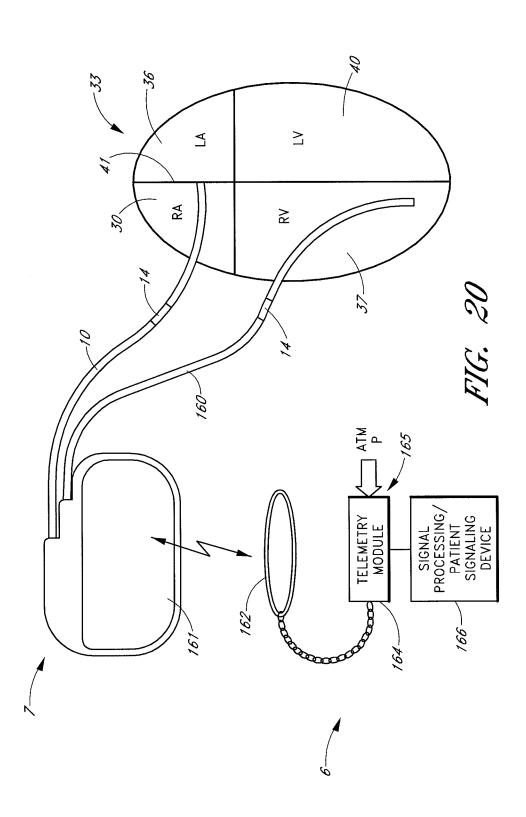
21/34

PRESSURES	Average (mm HG)	Range (mm HG)
Right atrium		
a wave	6	2-7
v wave	5 3	2-7
mean	3	1-5
Right ventricle		
peak systolic	25	15-30
end-diastolic	4	4-7
Pulmonary artery		
peak systolic	25	15-30
end-diastolic	9	4-12
mean	15	9-10
Pulmonary capillary wedge		
mean	9	4-12
Left atrium		
a wave	10	4-16
v wave	12	6-21
mean	8	2-12
Left ventricle		
peak systolic	130	90-140
end-diastolic	8	5-12
Central aorta		
peak systolic	130	90-140
end-diastolic	70	60-80
mean	85	70-105
	MEAN _	RANGE
VASCULAR RESISTANCES	(dyne-sec-cm <sup>-5</sup> )	(dyne-sec-cm)
Systemic vascular resistance	1100	700-1600
Total pulmonary resistance	200	100-3000
Pulmonary vascular resistance	70	20-1300

FIG. 19

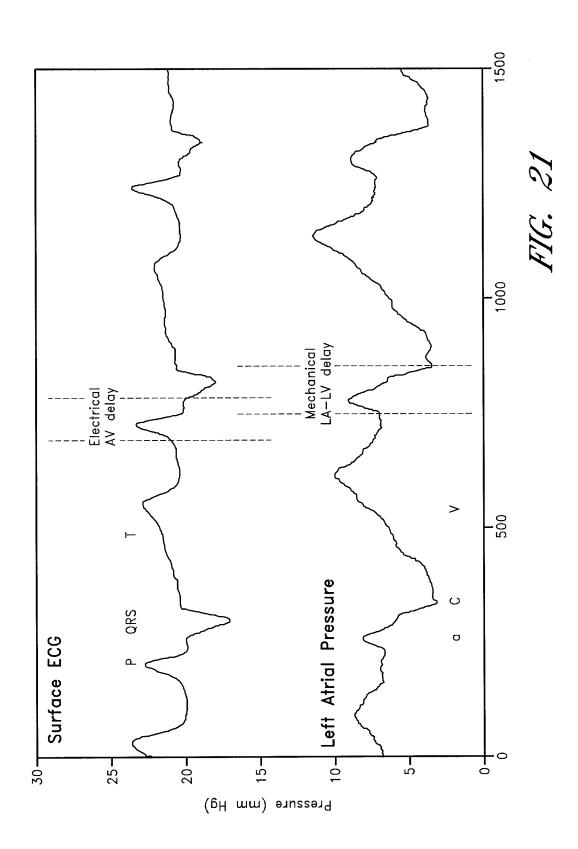
. Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



Replacement Sheet

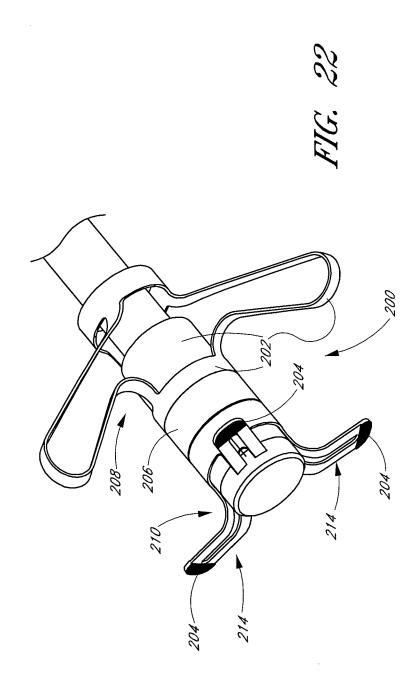
Mann et al. Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



Mann et al.

Replacement Sheet

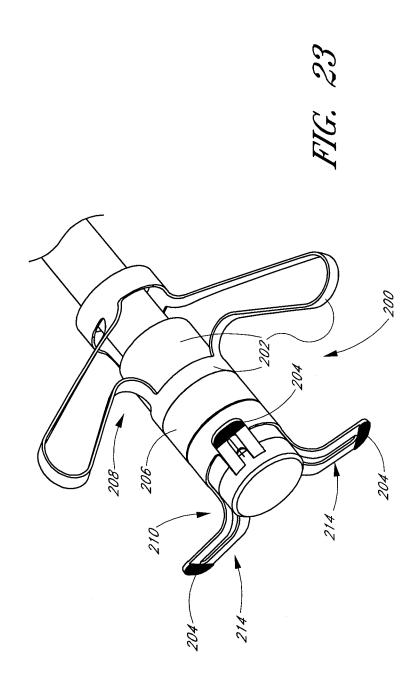
Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



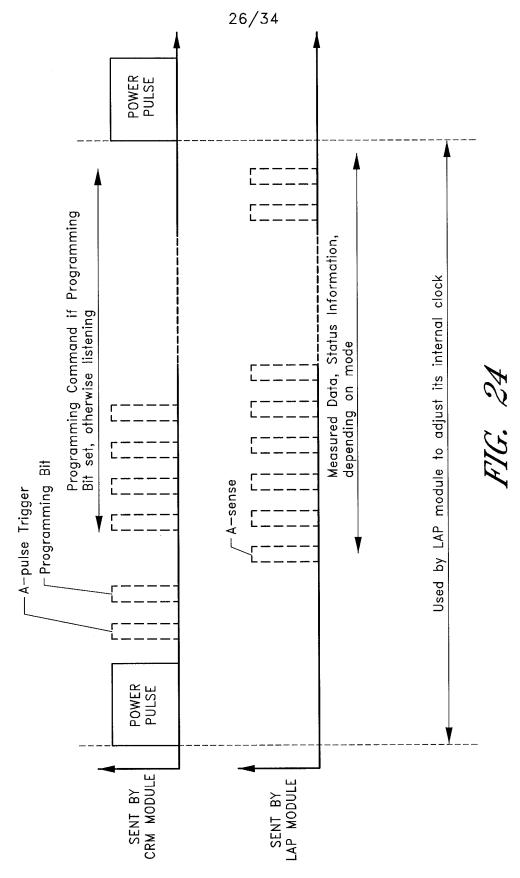
Mann et al.

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

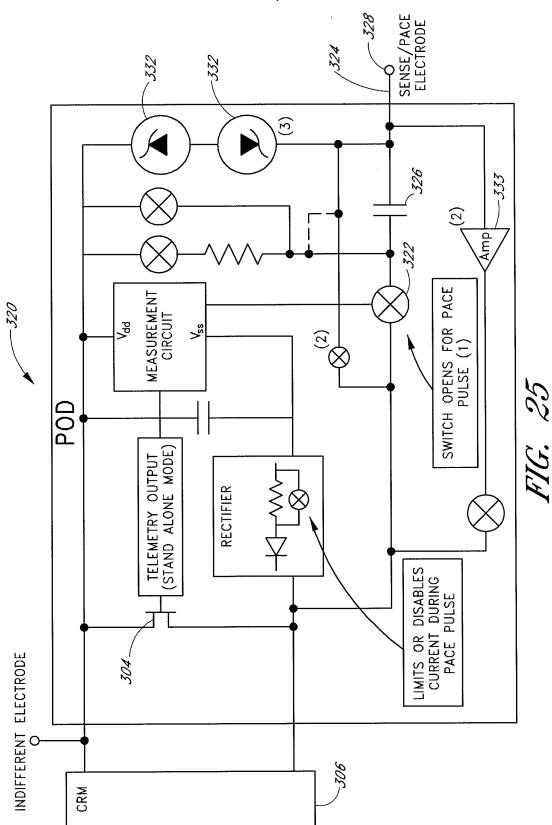


Replacement Sheet



Replacement Sheet

27/34



Replacement Sheet

28/34

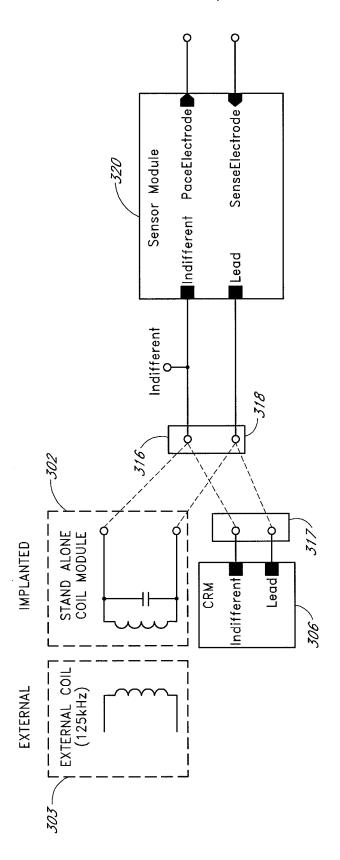
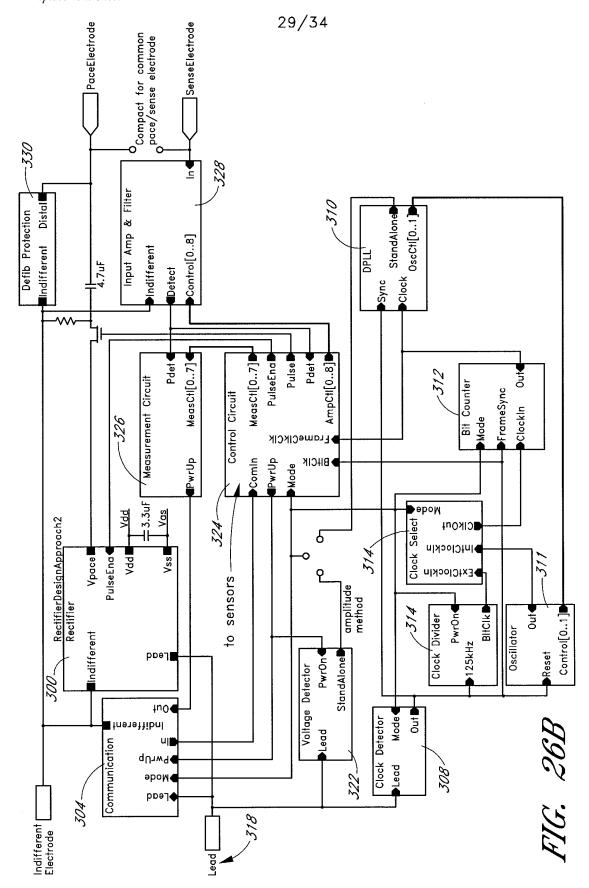


FIG. 264

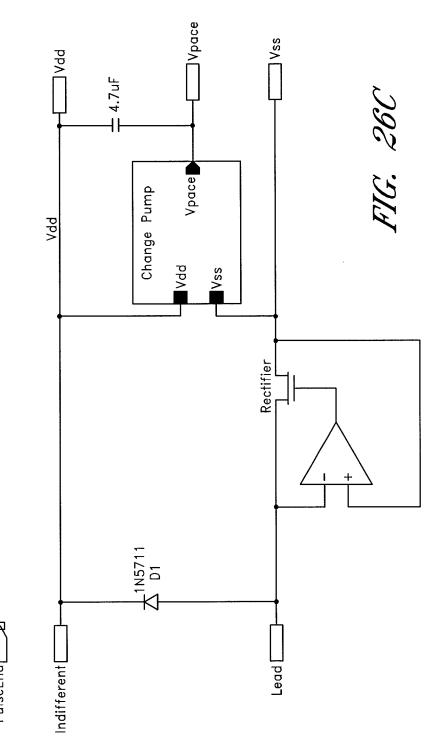
Replacement Sheet



Replacement Sheet

Mann et al. Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

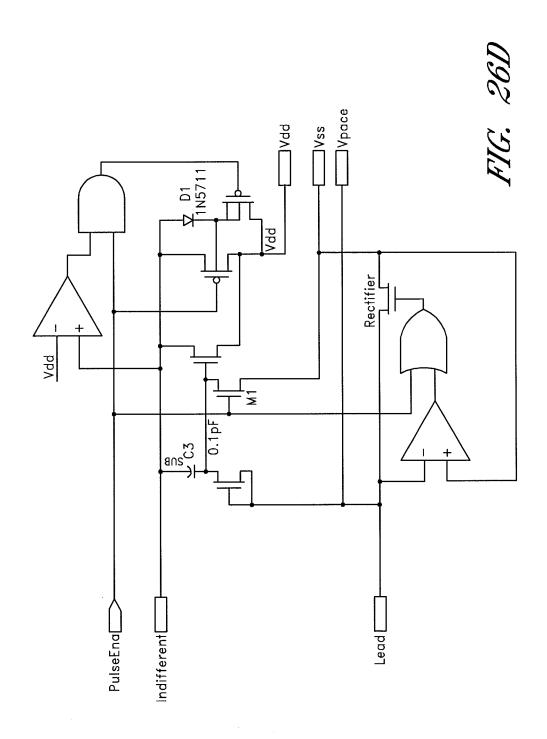
30/34



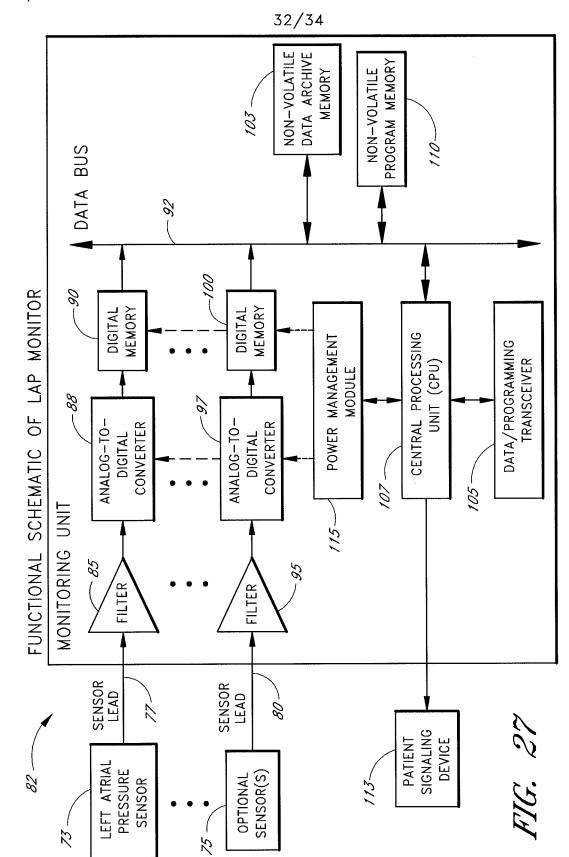
PulseEna

Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1



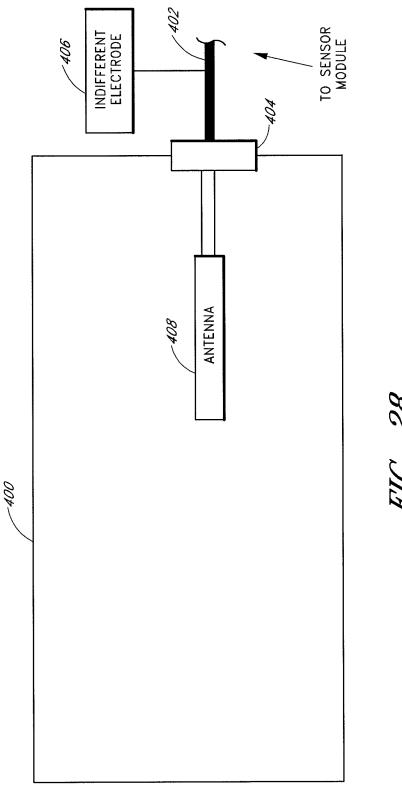
Replacement Sheet



Mann et al.

Replacement Sheet

33/34



Replacement Sheet

Appl. No.: 10/698,031 Atty Docket: SAVCOR.1C2CP1

34/34

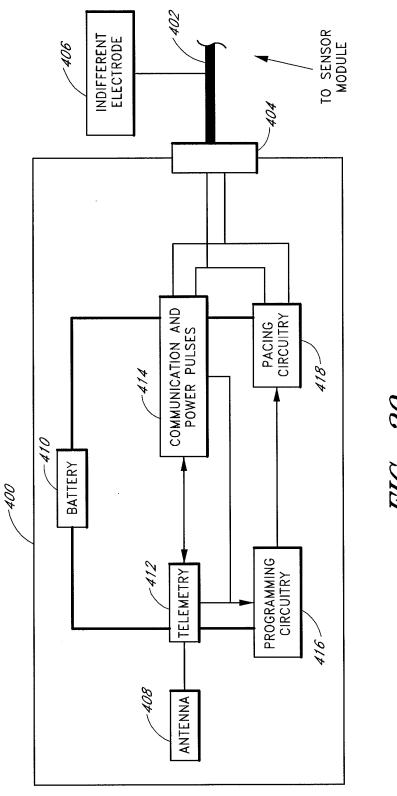


FIG. 29